CORAL

Installation and hands-on overview

CORAL: Quick Start

http://bit.ly/libtech2016

L - Linux

A - Apache

M - MySQL/MariaDB

P - PHP

Login to Linux virtual machine Username: coral

Password: libtech

Login to Linux virtual machine

Open Terminal window:

a) Open "Terminal" -> Applications / Terminal

Linux - installed - thank you Macalester!

L - LINUX configuration

Check if SELinux is enabled

\$ sestatus

Disable for this installation:

\$ sudo gedit /etc/sysconfig/selinux

A - Apache Web Server

Turn on apache:

\$ sudo systemctl start httpd

Enable it to run on system boot:

\$ sudo systemctl enable httpd

M - MySQL / MariaDB

Turn on:

\$ sudo systemctl start mariadb

Enable it to run on system startup:

\$ sudo systemctl enable mariadb

P - PHP - verify

#

#

1. Type this in the terminal window

```
$cat /etc/httpd/conf.modules.d/10-php.conf
```

```
# PHP is an HTML-embedded scripting language which attempts to make it
# easy for developers to write dynamically generated webpages.
<IfModule prefork.c>
  LoadModule php5 module modules/libphp5.so
</TfModule>
```

Take a deep breath! Now on to the CORAL installation.

CORAL installation - via helper script

```
$ wget https://bit.ly/coralsh -0
coral.sh
```

CORAL Helper Script Overview:

- 1) Checks for LAMP configuration status
- 2) Downloads CORAL
- 3) Extracts CORAL to correct location
- 4) Sets permissions on CORAL
- 5) Creates CORAL databases in MySQL

CORAL installation:

\$ sudo ./coral.sh

CORAL installation:

Now we are going to go through the web installer for each module. NOTE: the order matters

CORAL Authentication Module:

http://localhost/coral/auth/install/

Continue > Continue

Username: root

Password: Itc2016

MySQL info with permissions to create tables

Database Host	localhost	
Database Schema Name	coral_auth_prod	
Database Username		
Database Password		
	Continue	Cancel

CORAL Authentication Module:

MySQL user for CORAL web application - with select, insert, update, delete privileges to CORAL schemas

User: coral

Pass: coral

Continue

Database Username	coral	
Database Password	••••	
Session Timeout - in seconds	3600	
Enable LDAP		
LDAP Host		
LDAP Port		
LDAP Search Key		
LDAP Base DN		
LDAP Bind Account		
LDAP Bind Password		

CORAL Organizations Module:

http://localhost/coral/organizations/install/

Continue > Continue

Username: root

Password: Itc2016

MySQL info with permissions to create tables

Database Host

Database Schema Name

Database Username

Database Password

localhost	
coral_organization	s_prod
root	

CORAL Organizations Module:

User: coral

Password: coral

Login: coral

Continue

MySQL user for CORAL v CORAL schemas	eb application - with selec	t, insert, update, delete privileges to
*It's recommended but not require	d that this user is different than th	e one used on the prior step
Database Username	coral	
Database Password	••••	
administer other users.		rill need to set up the first admin account to ternally authenticated Login ID below.
Your Login ID	coral	
	coral	

Cancel

Continue

CORAL Organizations Module:

Continue

Inter-operability and other config settings

	Are you using the authentication module?	✓
A (I II	If so, enter authentication database schema name	coral_auth_prod
Auth db:	Are you using the resources module?	\checkmark
	If so, enter resources database schema name	coral_resources_prod
coral_auth_prod	Are you using the licensing module?	
	If so, enter licensing database schema name	coral_licensing_prod
Resources db:	Are you using the usage module?	\checkmark
	Remote Auth Variable Name (required if not using the CORAL Authentication Module)	
coral_resources_prod	The following are optional for LDAP if you wish to have user's first and last name a	automatically populated
	LDAP Host	
Licensing db:	Search Key	
	Base DSN	
coral_licensing_prod	Name of First Name Field	
	Name of Last Name Field	

CORAL Licensing Module:

http://localhost/coral/licensing/install/

Continue > Continue

Username: root

Password: Itc2016

MySQL info with permissions to create tables

Database Host Database Schema Name Database Username

Database Password

coral_licensing_prod	
root	

CORAL Licensing Module:

User: coral	MySQL user for CORAL we CORAL schemas	b application - with s	elect, insert, update, delete privileges to
Password: coral	*It's recommended but not required	that this user is different th	an the one used on the prior step
	Database Username	coral	
Login: coral	Database Password	••••	
Continue	administer other users.		we will need to set up the first admin account to ur externally authenticated Login ID below.
	Your Login ID	coral	
		Continue	Cancel

CORAL Licensing Module:

Auth db:

coral_auth_prod

Organizations db:

coral_organizations_prod

Resources db:

coral_resources_prod

Inter-operability and other config settings

Are you going to use the Terms Tool Add-On?

Are you using the authentication module?

If so, enter authentication database schema name

Are you using the organizations module?

If so, enter organizations database schema name

Are you using the resources module?

If so, enter resources database schema name

Are you using the usage module?

Remote Auth Variable Name (required if not using the CORAL Authentication Module)

Continue

coral auth prod

coral_organizations_p

coral_resources_prod

Continue

CORAL Resources Module:

http://localhost/coral/resources/install/

Continue > Continue

MySQL info with permissions to create tables

Username: root

Password: Itc2016

Database Host Database Schema Name Database Username Database Password

coral_resourc	es_prod
root	

CORAL Resources Module:

User: coral	MySQL user for CORAL w CORAL schemas	eb application - with s	elect, insert, update, delete privileges to
Password: coral	*It's recommended but not require	ed that this user is different th	an the one used on the prior step
. doomoral ooral	Database Username	coral	
Login: coral	Database Password	••••	
Continue	administer other users.		we will need to set up the first admin account to ur externally authenticated Login ID below.
	Your Login ID	coral	
		Continue	Cancel

CORAL Resources Module:

Auth db:

coral auth prod

Licensing db:

coral_licensing_prod

Organizations db:

Inter-operability settings

Are you using the authentication module?

Are you using the licensing module?

If so, enter the licensing database schema name

If so, enter authentication database schema name

Are you using the organizations module?

If so, enter the organizations database schema name

Are you using the usage module?

Remote Auth Variable Name (required if not using the CORAL Authentication

Module)

coral auth prod coral licensing prod coral_organizations_prod Continue Cancel

coral organizations prod

Continue > Continue

CORAL Usage Module:

http://localhost/coral/usage/install/

Continue > Continue

MySQL info with permissions to create tables

Username: root

Password: Itc2016

Database Host

Database Schema Name

Database Username

Database Password

•••••	
root	
coral_usage_prod	
localhost	

Cancel

Continue

CORAL Usage Module:

User: coral	MySQL user for CORAL w CORAL schemas	eb application - with select, insert, upda	ate, delete privileges to
Password: coral	*It's recommended but not require	I that this user is different than the one used on the	e prior step
	Database Username	coral	
Login: coral	Database Password	••••	
Continue	administer other users.	are driven through the web, we will need to set up authentication Login ID or your externally authentic	
	Your Login ID	coral	
		Continue	

CORAL Usage Module:

Need to apply an external script to fix the usage module after installation.

\$ sudo bash ./fix-usage.sh

Congratulations!

You've installed CORAL!

http://localhost/coral/

Walk-through:

http://localhost/coral/

Follow-up and questions?

CORAL Community:

http://coral-erm.org/

Join the CORAL Discussion List

Join the listserv used for product updates, support, and general discussion by sending an email to listserv@listserv.nd.edu. Leave the subject line blank and include 'SUBSCRIBE CORAL-ERM Your Name' in the body; ex. SUBSCRIBE CORAL-ERM John Smith.