

2009

Confianza for SATB Choir and String Quartet

Drake Andersen
Macalester College

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.macalester.edu/musi_honors

Recommended Citation

Andersen, Drake, "Confianza for SATB Choir and String Quartet" (2009). *Music Honors Projects*. 8.
https://digitalcommons.macalester.edu/musi_honors/8

This Honors Project - Open Access is brought to you for free and open access by the Music Department at DigitalCommons@Macalester College. It has been accepted for inclusion in Music Honors Projects by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@Macalester College. For more information, please contact scholarpub@macalester.edu.

Honors Project

Macalester College

Spring 2009

Title: Confianza for SATB Choir and String Quartet

Author: Drake Andersen

PERMISSION TO DEPOSIT HONORS PROJECTS

Please read this document carefully before signing. If you have questions about any of these permissions, please contact Janet Sietmann (x6545) in the Library.

Title of Honors Project: Confianza for choir and string quartet

Author's Name: (Last name, first name) Anderson, Drake Ralph

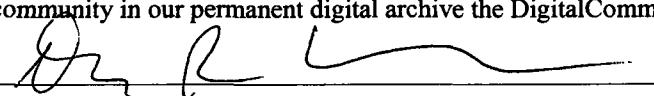
The library provides access to your Honors Project in several ways:

- The library makes each Honors Project available to members of the Macalester College community and the general public on site during regular library hours.
- Using the latest technology, we make preservation copies of each Honors Project in both digital and microfilm formats.
- Every Honors Project is cataloged and recorded in CLICnet (library consortium OPAC) and in OCLC, the largest bibliographic database in the world.
- To better serve the scholarly community, a digital copy of your Honors Project will be made available via the Digital Commons @ Macalester (digitalcommons.macalester.edu).

The DigitalCommons@Macalester is our web based, open access compliant institutional repository for digital content produced by Macalester faculty, students, and staff. It is a permanent archive. By placing your projects in the Digital Commons, all materials are searchable via Google Scholar and other search engines. Materials that are located in the Digital Commons are freely accessible to the world; however, your copyright protects against unauthorized use of the content. Although you have certain rights and privileges with your copyright, there are also responsibilities. Please review the following statements and identify that you have read them by signing below. Some departments may choose to protect the work of their Honors students because of continuing research. In these cases the project is still posted on the repository, but content can only be accessed by individuals who are located on campus.

The original signed copy of this form will be bound with the print copy of the Honors Project. The microfilm copy will also include a copy of this form. Notice that this form exists will be included in the Digital Commons version.

I have read the above statement and **agree** to make my Honors Project available to the Macalester College community and to the larger scholarly community in our permanent digital archive the DigitalCommons@Macalester or its successor technology.

Signed 

OR

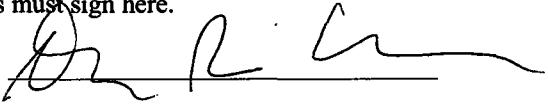
I **do not want** my Honors Project available to the larger scholarly community. I want my Honors Project available only in the library, NOT for interlibrary loan purposes, and NOT through the Macalester College Digital Commons or its successor technology.

Signed 

NOTICE OF ORIGINAL WORK AND USE OF COPYRIGHT PROTECTED MATERIALS:

If your work includes images that are not original works by you, you must include permissions from original content provider or the images will not be included in the electronic copy. If your work includes discs with music, data sets, or other accompanying material that is not original work by you, the same copyright stipulations apply. If your work includes interviews, you must include a statement that you have the permission from the interviewees to make their interviews public. BY SIGNING THIS FORM, I ACKNOWLEDGE THAT ALL WORK CONTAINED IN THIS PAPER IS ORIGINAL WORK BY ME OR INCLUDES APPROPRIATE CITATIONS AND/OR PERMISSIONS WHEN CITING OR INCLUDING EXCERPTS OF WORK(S) BY OTHERS.

All students must sign here.

Signature: 

Date: 5/4/09

Printed Name: Drake R. Anderson

Drake Ralph Andersen

Confianza

for SATB choir and string quartet

2009

Confianza

A setting of César Vallejo's *Confianza en el anteojo, nó en el ojo*
for SATB choir and string quartet

Duration: 7'

SATB Choir
Violin I
Violin II
Viola
Violoncello

Drake Ralph Andersen
Cary John Franklin
Department of Music
Macalester College

May 4, 2009

A Note on the Text

César Vallejo (1892-1938) was born in Perú and later expatriated to France, where he died. His work is notable for anticipating subsequent literary movements, like surrealism, despite his relative isolation from the literary mainstream for much of his career. In *Confianza en el anteojo, nó en el ojo*, he lists different objects and ideas, both provocative and mundane, and identifies which ones merit *confianza*, a deliciously ambiguous word which can mean, in different contexts, "confidence", "trust" or even, as I have chosen for my own translation, "faith." The humanist refrain *en ti sólo* ("in yourself alone"), closes each stanza. As a "surrealist" work, the poem eschews a traditional narrative structure; therefore I sought to reorganize the words and make them part of a convincing musical shape that would convey not only the essential meaning of the poem, but my own personal interpretation as well.

Program Note

I first read Vallejo when I visited Perú a few years ago with a friend. Her parents gave me a collection of his poetry for my birthday, and I have wanted to set this particular poem for a long time. I quickly found, however, that the poem, as it was written, did not lend itself to a musical shape. I felt that I understood the poem, but I would need to be more creative to set it to music. I first chose a line- the most salient comparison- around which to build my setting and to be the source of melody in the piece. I found *Confianza en la maldad, nó en el malvado* ("Faith in evil, not in the evil-doer") irresistible. It is a plea to understand the things in our world which bring us no joy, the things outside of ourselves which we cannot control. We must always condemn the evil-doer for what they have done, yes, but evil? Evil exists and always has- it is a contrary force which challenges us and strengthens us. Vallejo recognizes that we know that evil will be present, but we cannot predict what the evil-doer, the worldly embodiment of evil, will do. We know what a corpse is, but we do not truly know the soul that fills it. We know we have a destiny, but we do not know on which side the golden die will land. Vallejo's poem expresses a truth of undeniable and universal relevance through this simple succession of objects and ideas. It is an affirmation of our essential humanity- our unshakable, instinctive faith in a world of war, pain, approximation and disillusionment.

Original text

Confianza en el anteojito, no en el ojo;
en la escalera, nunca en el peldaño;
en el ala, no en el ave
y en ti sólo, en ti sólo, en ti sólo.

Confianza en la maldad, no en el malvado;
en el vaso, mas nunca en el licor;
en el cadáver, no en el hombre
y en ti sólo, en ti sólo, en ti sólo.

Confianza en muchos, pero ya no en uno;
en el cauce, jamás en la corriente;
en los calzones, no en las piernas
y en ti sólo, en ti sólo, en ti sólo.

Confianza en la ventana, no en la puerta;
en la madre, mas no en los nueve meses;
en el destino, no en el dado de oro,
y en ti sólo, en ti sólo, en ti sólo.

*César Vallejo
5 Oct. 1937*

Translation

Faith in the eyeglass, not in the eye;
in the staircase, never in the step;
in the wing, not in the bird
and in yourself alone, in yourself alone, in
yourself alone.

Faith in evil, not in the evil-doer;
in the vessel, but never in the liquor;
in the corpse, not in the man
and in yourself alone, in yourself alone, in
yourself alone.

Faith in many, but no longer in one;
in the riverbed, never in the current;
in the pants, not in the legs
and in yourself alone, in yourself alone, in
yourself alone.

Faith in the window, not in the door;
in the mother, but not in the nine months;
in destiny, not in the golden die,
and in yourself alone, in yourself alone, in
yourself alone.

*Drake Andersen
12 Jan. 2009*

Confianza

for SATB choir and string quartet

Confianza

Faith

Confianza en el anteojos, no en el ojo

Faith in the eyeglass, not in the eye

Confianza en la maldad, no en el malvado

Faith in evil, not in the evil-doer

En ti sólo

In yourself alone

En el vaso, mas nunca en el licor

In the vessel, but never in the liquor

En el cauce, jamás en la corriente

In the riverbed, never in the current

El vaso, el cauce, jamás en la corriente

The vessel, the liquor, never in the current

En ti

In yourself

En el cadáver, no en el hombre

In the corpse, not in the man

En el ala, no en el ave

In the wing, not in the bird

En los calzones, no en las piernas

In the pants, not in the legs

En la madre, mas no en los nueve meses

In the mother, but not in the nine months

En la escalera, nunca en el peldaño

In the staircase, never in the step

Confianza

Faith

Confianza en la ventana, no en la puerta

Faith in the window, not in the door

En el destino, no en el dado de oro

In destiny, not in the golden die

Confianza en muchos, ya no en uno

Faith in many, no longer in one

Confianza

Faith

Confianza en la maldad, no en el malvado

Faith in evil, not in the evil-doer

Confianza

Faith

Adapted from the original text by César Vallejo

Trans. Drake Andersen

Confianza

text: César Vallejo

Drake Ralph Andersen

With great conviction $\text{♩} = 66-72$

SOPRANO

Musical score for soprano, alto, tenor, and bass voices. The soprano part consists of two measures of music with lyrics "Con-fian-za" repeated. The alto part follows, also with two measures and lyrics "Con-fian-za". The tenor part has one measure with lyrics "Con - fian - za". The bass part is silent throughout. The tempo is marked as "With great conviction $\text{♩} = 66-72$ ". Dynamics include *mf* and *f*.

ALTO

Continuation of the musical score. The alto part continues with two measures of "Con-fian-za". The tenor part continues with one measure of "Con - fian - za". The bass part remains silent.

TENOR

Continuation of the musical score. The tenor part continues with one measure of "Con - fian - za". The bass part remains silent.

BASS

Continuation of the musical score. The bass part remains silent.

With great conviction $\text{♩} = 66-72$

Violin I

Musical score for strings. The violin I part consists of four measures of silence. The violin II, viola, and violoncello parts also consist of four measures of silence.

Violin II

Continuation of the musical score. The violin II, viola, and violoncello parts continue with four measures of silence.

Viola

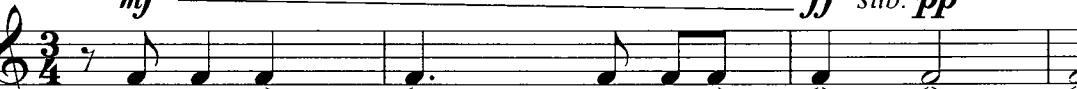
Continuation of the musical score. The violin I, violin II, and violoncello parts continue with four measures of silence.

Violoncello

Continuation of the musical score. The violin I, violin II, and viola parts continue with four measures of silence.

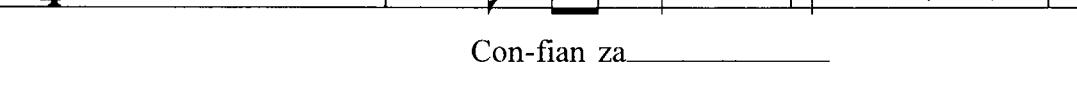
5

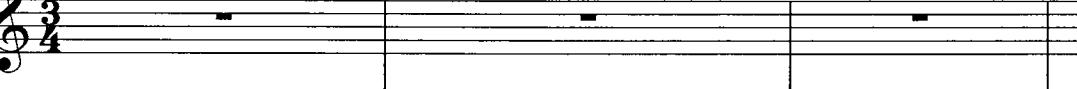
S. 
Con - fian - za Con-fian - za

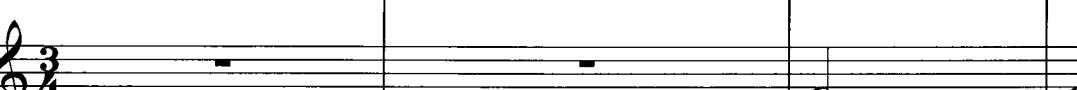
A. 
Con-fian - za Con-fian za

T. 
Con-fian za Con - fian-za

B. 
Con-fian za

Vln. I 

Vln. II 
f sub. p

Vla. 

Vc. 

9 *p* , *poco cresc.* *mf*

S. Con-fian - za Con-fian - za n'el an-te - o - jo

A. *p* , *poco cresc.* *mf*

T. T. 8 O - jo

B. *mf* O - jo

Vln. I *legato*
p *mp* *p* *mf* *pp*

Vln. II *mp* *p* *mf* *pp*

Vla. *legato*
pp *mp* *p* *mf* *pp*

Vc. *legato*
pp *mp* *p* *mf* *pp*

14 *pp* *mp* *cresc.* *f* *poco rall.*

S. *nó en el o-jo* Con-fian-za Con fian- z'en la mal-dad

A. *pp* *3* *mp* *f*

nó en el o-jo Con -fian-z'en la mal-dad

T. *mp* *f*

Con - fia n - za *Con - fia n-z'en la mal-dad*

B. *mp* *f*

Con - fia n - za *Con - fia n-z'en la mal-dad*

Vln. I *p* *mp* *poco rall.*

Vln. II *p* *mp* *con rubato*

Vla. *mf* *pp*

Vc. *con rubato* *mf* *pp*

17 *A tempo*

S. *pp* *p* *mf*
 nó en el En ti só - lo En

A. *pp* *p* *mf*
 nó en el En ti só - lo

T. *pp* *p* *mf*
₈ nó en el mal - va_ do En ti

B. *pp* *p* *mf*
 nó en el mal - va - do En

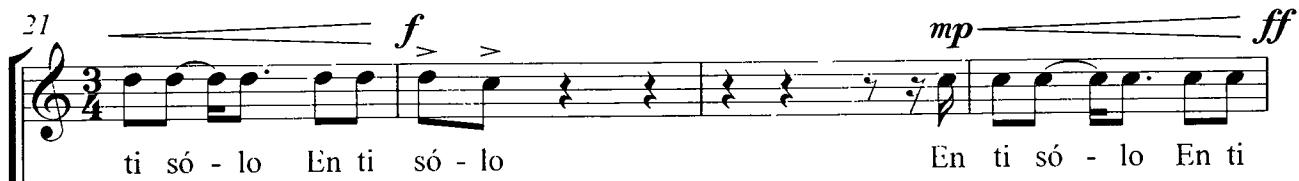
Vln. I *A tempo*
pp

Vln. II

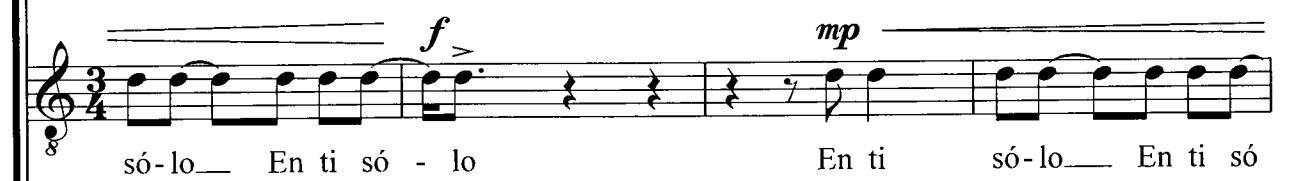
Vla.

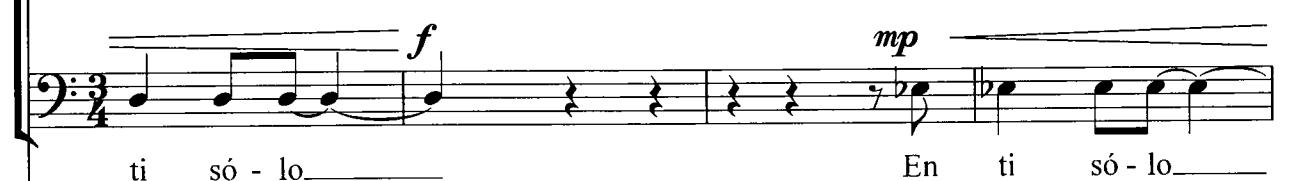
Vc. *pp*

21

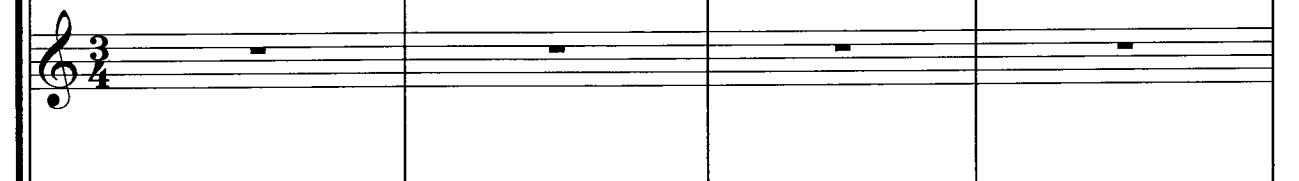
S. 

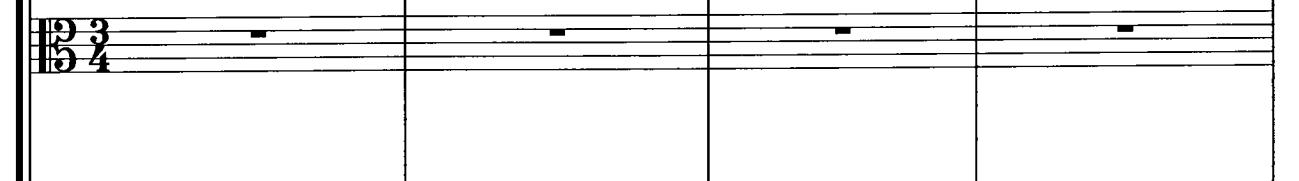
A. 

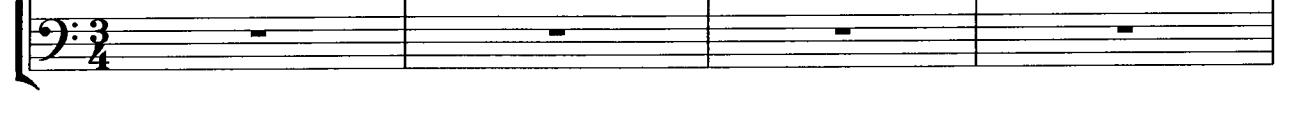
T. 

B. 

Vln. I 

Vln. II 

Vla. 

Vc. 

Hymnlike =50

S. > >

pp

só - lo En el va- so, mas nun-ca'nel li - cor

A. *ff* *sub. p* = n *pp*

- lo En el va- so, mas nun-ca'nel li - cor

T. *ff*

- lo

B.

ff

Vln. I *pp* < *p*

Vln. II

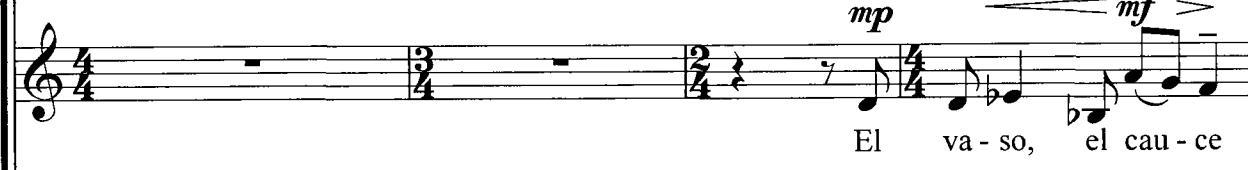
Vla.

Vc.

Hymnlike =50

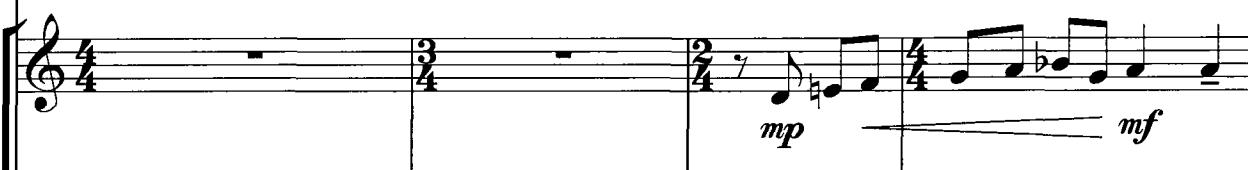
30

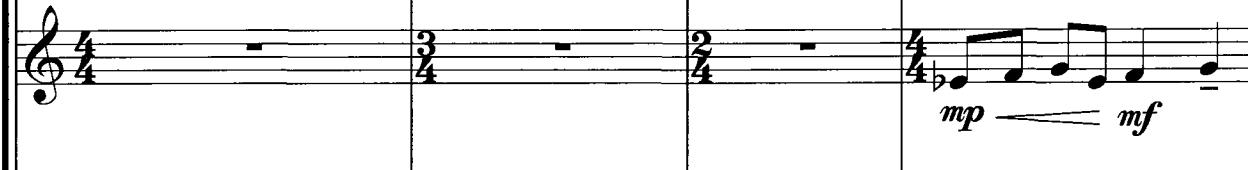
S. 
 El va - so, el cau - ce

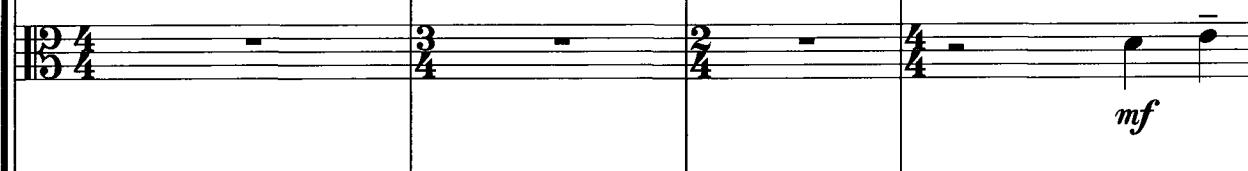
A. 
 El va - so, el cau - ce

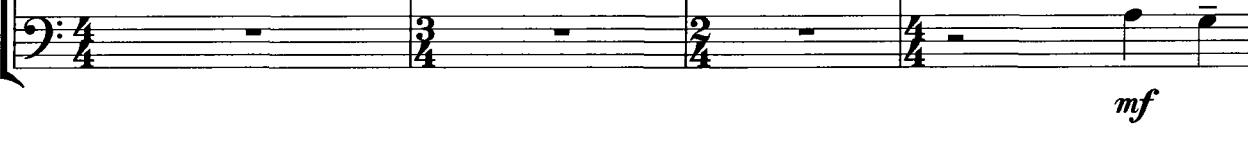
T. 
 En elcau-ce ja - más en la cor - rien - te Cau - ce
 8

B. 
 En elcau-ce ja - más en la cor - rien - te Cau - ce

Vln. I 

Vln. II 

Vla. 

Vc. 

Molto agitato ♩=100

34

S.

ja-más en la cor - rien-te

A.

ja-más en la cor - rien-te

T.

8

ja-más en la cor - rien-te

B.

ja-más en la cor - rien-te

Molto agitato ♩=100

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

trem.

rall.

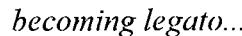
38

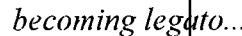
S.      

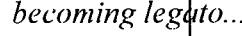
A.      

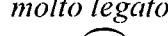
T.      

B.      

Vln. I       


Vln. II       


Vla.       


Vc.       



43 Tempo I ♩=66-72

Tempo I =66-72

Tempo 10 = 60-72

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

The musical score consists of four staves: Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., and Vc. The first measure (measures 10) shows Vln. I playing eighth-note pairs with a fermata over the second pair. Vln. II and Vla. play eighth-note pairs. The second measure (measure 11) shows Vln. I playing eighth-note pairs with a fermata over the second pair. Vln. II and Vla. play eighth-note pairs. The third measure (measure 12) shows Vln. I resting. Vln. II and Vla. play eighth-note pairs. The fourth measure (measure 13) shows Vln. I resting. Vln. II and Vla. play eighth-note pairs. Measure numbers 10, 11, 12, and 13 are indicated above the staves. Measure 13 ends with a repeat sign and a double bar line.

Hymnlike $\text{♩} = 50$

Soprano I *mp*
I: El

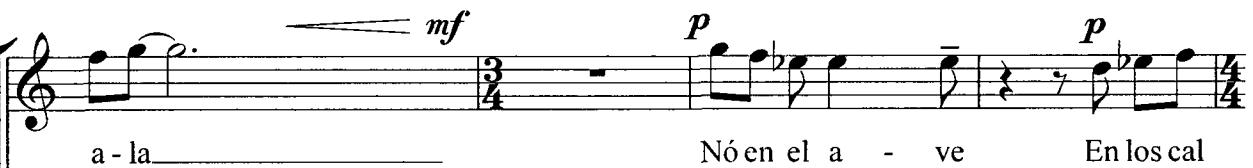
Soprano II

Alto I

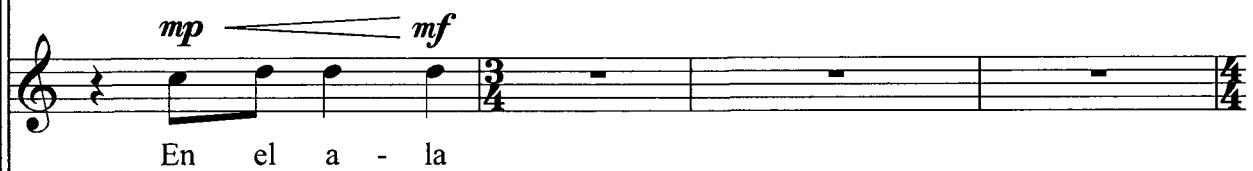
Alto II

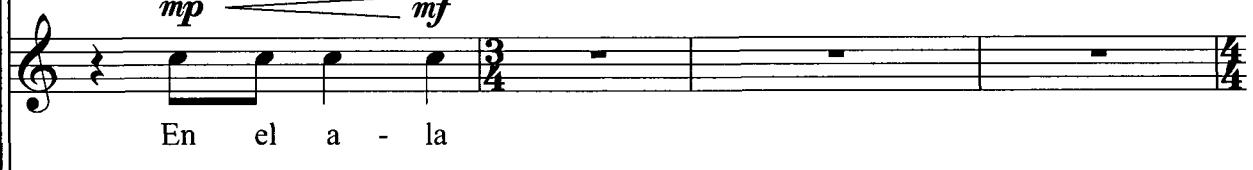
T.
T. hom - - bre
B. hom - - bre

Vln. I *p*
Vln. II *p*
Vla. *mp*
Vc. *mp*

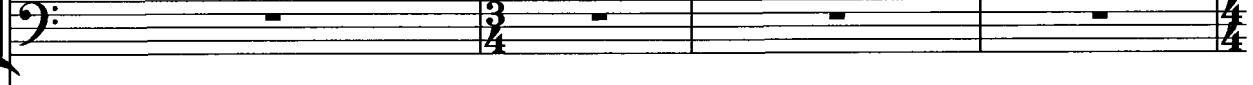
S. 

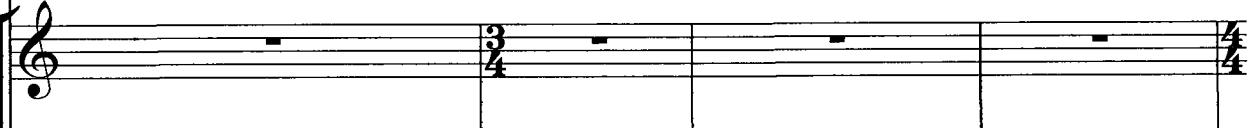
S. 

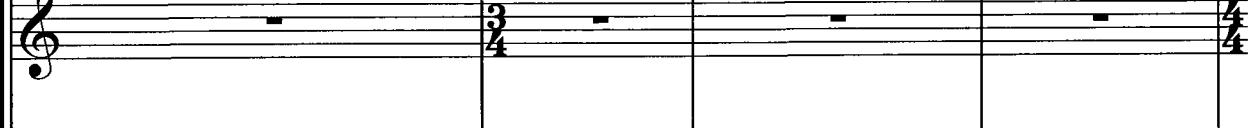
A. 

A. 

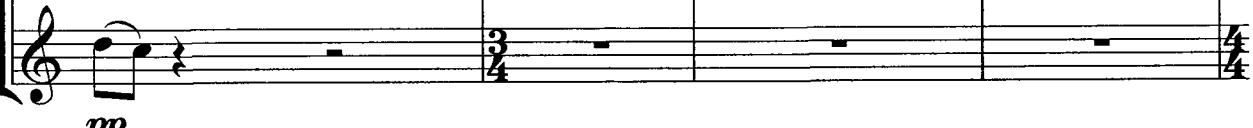
T. 

B. 

Vln. I 

Vln. II 

Vla. 

Vc. 

54

S. *cresc. poco a poco* *f*
zo - nes No en las pier - nas En la ma -dre

S. *mp* *cresc. poco a poco* *f*
No en las pier - nas En la ma -dre

A. *mp* *f*
No en las pier - nas En la ma -dre

A. *mp* *cresc. poco a poco* *f*
En los cal-zo - nes No en las pier - nas En la ma -dre

T. *8*

B. *2:4* *3:4*

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Approximate the rhythm at your own pace.
Do not sing at the same tempo as your neighbor

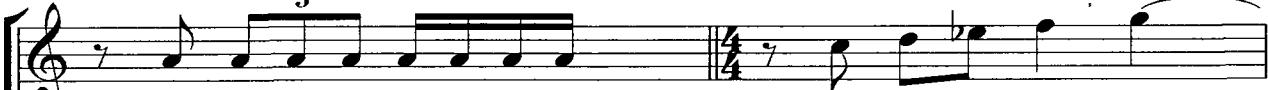
A tempo (Hymnlike $\text{♩}=50$)

15

58

pp ————— ***mp*** ————— ***n***

S.



Mas no en los nue-ve me-ses

En la's - ca - le - ra

Approximate the rhythm at your own pace.
Do not sing at the same tempo as your neighbor

pp ————— ***mp*** ————— ***n***

S.

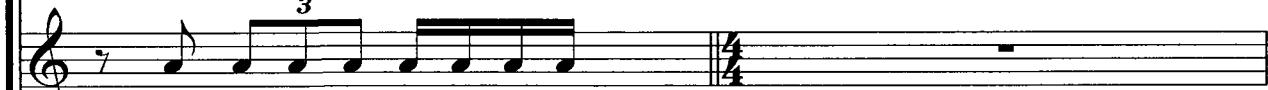


Mas no en los nue-ve me-ses

Approximate the rhythm at your own pace.
Do not sing at the same tempo as your neighbor

pp ————— ***mp*** ————— ***n***

A.

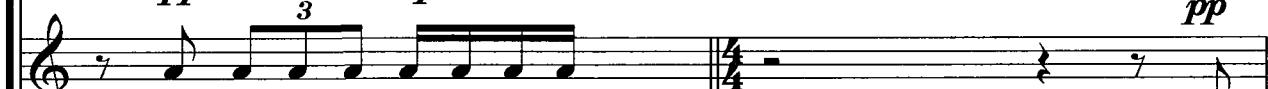


Mas no en los nue-ve me-ses

Approximate the rhythm at your own pace.
Do not sing at the same tempo as your neighbor

pp ————— ***mp*** ————— ***n***

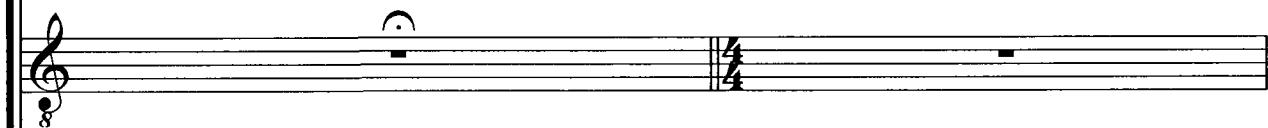
A.



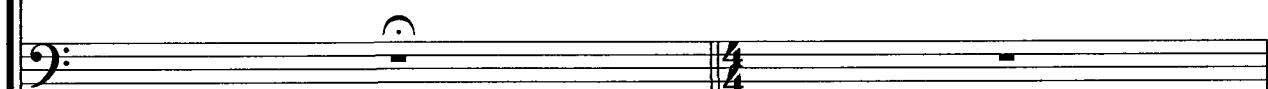
Mas no en los nue-ve me-ses

En

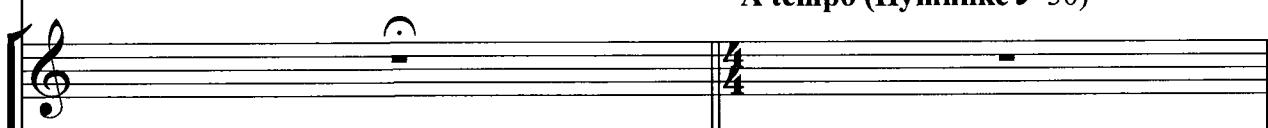
T.



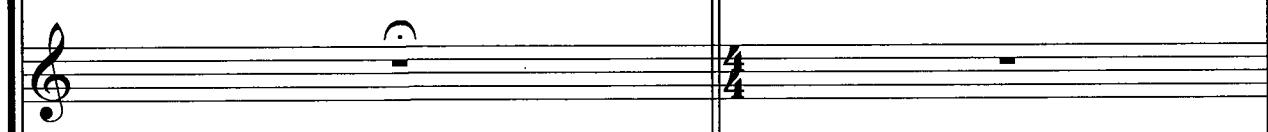
B.



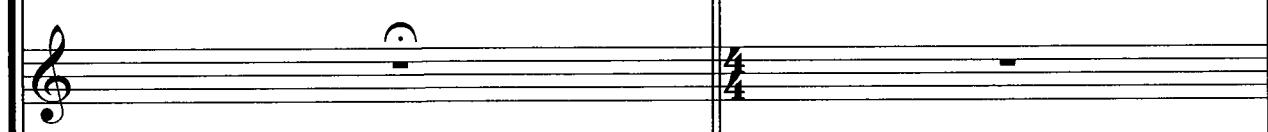
Vln. I



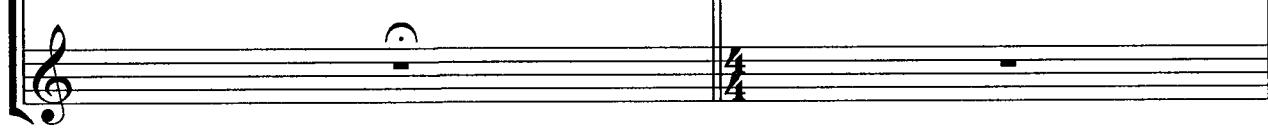
Vln. II



Vla.



Vc.



A tempo (Hymnlike $\text{♩}=50$)

16

(accented vowel) **f** **Tempo I** $\text{♩}=66-72$ **p**

S. *60*
En la's-ca - le - ra _____ Nun-ca'n el pel -
pp cresc. poco a poco (accented vowel) **f**
S. *En la's-ca - le - ra* _____ To Soprano I
A. *pp* (accented vowel) **f** **p**
En la's-ca - le - ra _____ Nun-ca'n el pel -
A. *cresc. poco a poco* (accented vowel) **f**
la's-ca - le - ra _____ To Alto I

T.
B.

Tempo I $\text{♩}=66-72$

Vln. I
Vln. II
Vla.
Vc.

63 = *f*

S. dan-yo

A. dan - yo

T.

B.

Vln. I - *mp* - *mf*

Vln. II - *mf*

Vla. - *mp* - *mf*

Vc. - *con rubato* - *mp* - *mf*

The musical score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are vocal parts: Soprano (S.), Alto (A.), Tenor (T.), and Bass (B.). The bottom four staves are string instruments: Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), Viola (Vla.), and Cello (Vc.). The vocal parts sing the lyrics 'dan-yo' and 'dan - yo'. The strings play eighth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mp* (mezzo-forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). A dynamic instruction *con rubato* is placed above the Viola staff. Measure numbers 63 and 64 are indicated at the top left. Time signatures of $\frac{3}{4}$ are shown at the end of each measure.

67

S. *pp* Con-fian - za *p* Con-fian - za

A. *pp* Con-fian - za *p* Con - fian -

T. *pp*

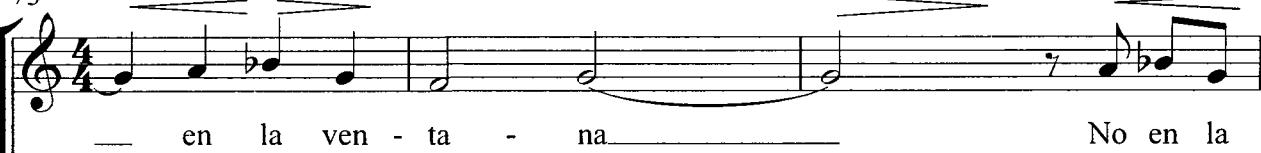
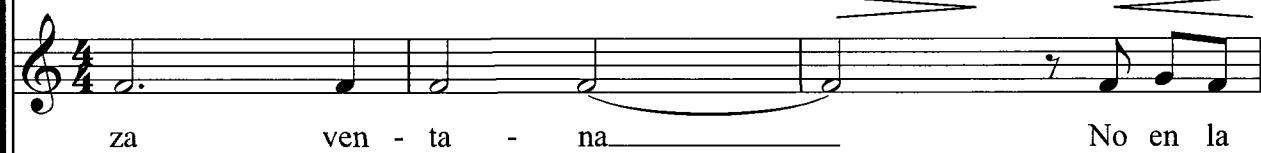
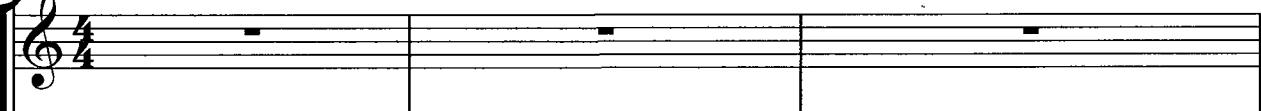
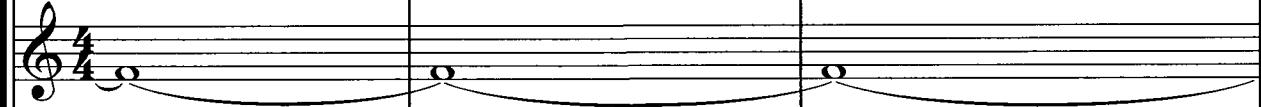
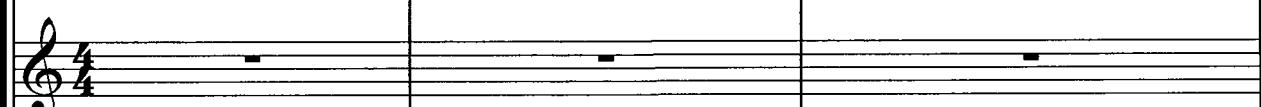
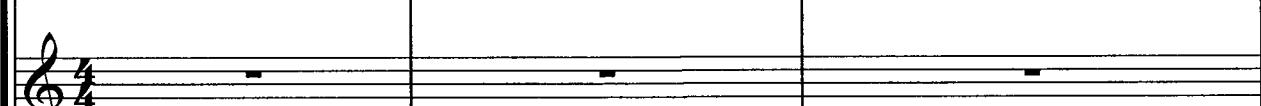
B. *pp*

Vln. I *pp*

Vln. II *ppp* *cresc. poco a poco*

Vla. *pp*

Vc. *pp*

73 19
 S. 
 A. 
 T. 
 B. 
 Vln. I 
 Vln. II 
 Vla. 
 Vc. 

(tutti) mp
 Con - fian - za Con fian
(tutti) mp
 Con-fian-za Con-fian

76

S. *mf* puer - ta En el des -

A. *mf* puer - ta En el des -

T. *mf* *mp* *cresc. poco a poco*
8 -za Con - fian - za'n mu-chos ya ³ no en

B. *mf* *mp* *cresc. poco a poco*
za Con-fian-za'n mu-chos ya ³ no en u - no

Vln. I trem.
sfpz sempre cresc.

Vln. II trem.
sfpz sempre cresc. trem.

Vla. trem.
sfpz sempre cresc.

Vc. trem.
sfpz sempre cresc.

Divide chords equally among all women

78 *mf*

S. *mp sempre cresc.*

ti - no No en el da - do

A. *mf* *mp sempre cresc.*

ti - no No en el da - do

T. *mf*
 $\begin{array}{ccccccccc} & & & & & & & & \\ 3 & u & - & no & Con-fian-za'n & mu-chos & ya & no & en \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ccccccccc} & & & & & & & & \\ 3 & u & - & no & Con-fian-za'n & mu-chos & ya & no & en \end{array}$

B. *mf*
 Con - fian-za'n mu-chos ya no en u - no Con -

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

(accented vowel)

80

S.

de o - ro

ossia: lower part

A.

de o - ro

T.

³ u - no Con-fian-za'n mu-chos ³ ya no en u - no

B.

fian - za'n mu-chos ya ³ no en u - no

Vln. I

ff

ff p

Vln. II

ff

ff p

Vla.

ff

ff p

Vc.

ff

ff p

83 molto accel.

Molto agitato $\text{♩}=100$

S.

S.

A.

T.

B.

molto accel.

Molto agitato $\text{♩}=100$

Vln. I

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

85 rall. **Tempo I** = 66-72

S.  **p** < **mp** >
Con - fian - za

A.  **p** < **mp** >
Con - fian - za

T.  **p** < **mp** >
Con - fian - za

B.  **p** < **mp** >
Con - fian - za

Tempo I ♩=66-72

Vln. I *rall.*

Vln. II ("snap" pizzicato)

Vla. ("snap" pizzicato)

Vc. *mp*

89

S. *p* *mf* Con - fian - za _____

A. *p* *mf* Con - fian - za _____

T. *p* *mf* Con - fian - za _____

B. *p* *mf* Con - fian - za _____

Vln. I *pp* *p*

Vln. II *pp* *p*

Vla.

Vc.

26

93

S. tutti *f* div. *f*
Con - fian-za'n la mal - dad

A. tutti *f* div. *f*
Con - fian-za'n la mal - dad

T. *f* *mp*
mal - dad No en

B. *f* *mp*
mal - dad No en

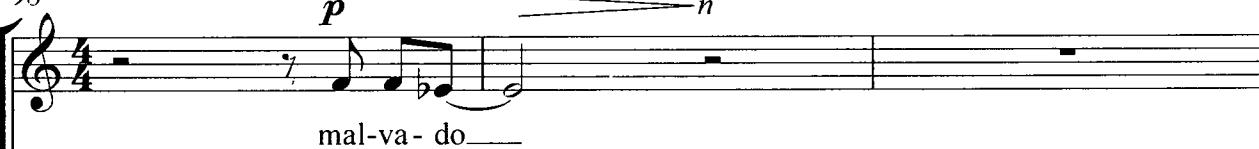
Vln. I *mp* *n*

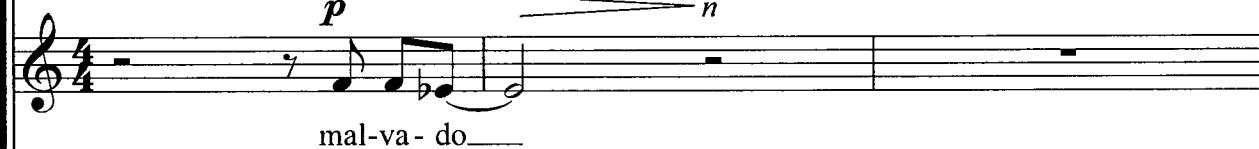
Vln. II *mp* *n*

Vla. *mp* *n*

Vc. *mp* *n*

98

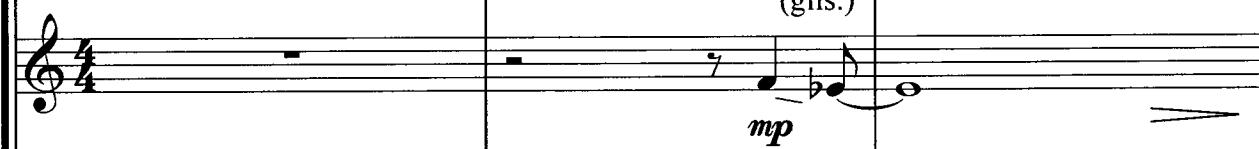
S. 
mal-va - do

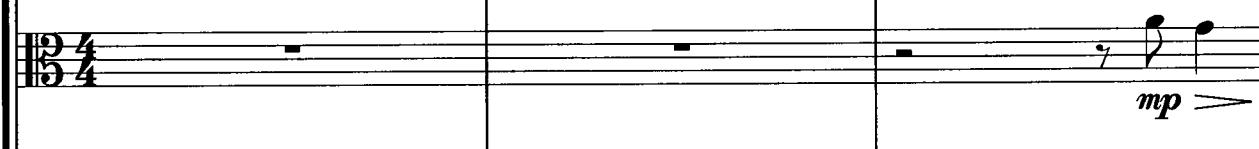
A. 
mal-va - do

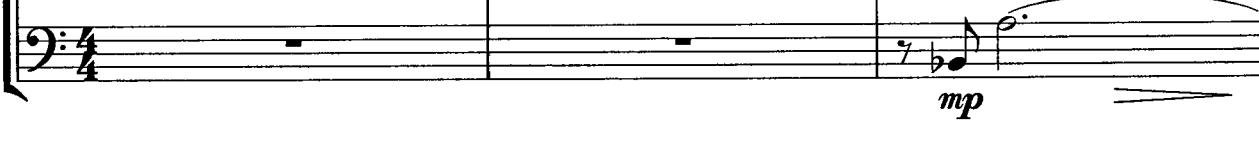
T. 
el mal-va - do

B. 
el mal-va - do

Vln. I 

Vln. II 

Vla. 

Vc. 

101

S. *p* < *f* > *pp* —————— *n*

A. *p* < *f* > *pp* —————— *n*

T.

B.

Vln. I *p* —————— *n*

Vln. II *p* —————— *n*

Vla. *pizz.* *pp*

Vc. *n* *pp* *pizz.*

Con - fian - za

Con - fian - za

pizz.

pizz.